



**HEART OF**  
**WORCESTERSHIRE**  
**COLLEGE**

# Financial Regulations

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# FINANCIAL REGULATIONS FOR HEART OF WORCESTERSHIRE COLLEGE

## 1 INTRODUCTION

### 1.1 BACKGROUND

Heart of Worcestershire College is a Further Education Corporation created under the provisions of the Further and Higher Education Act 1992. Its structure of governance is laid down in the Instrument and Articles of Government. The College is accountable through its Corporation, which has ultimate responsibility for the effectiveness of its management and administration.

The College is an exempt charity by virtue of the Charities Act 1993

The Condition of Funding Agreement between the funding agency and the College sets out the terms and conditions on which grant is made. The Corporation is responsible for ensuring that conditions of grant are met. As part of this process, the College must adhere to the funding agencies Post-16 Audit Code of Practice, which requires it to have sound systems of financial and management control. The financial regulations of the College form part of this overall system of accountability.

### 1.2 TERMINOLOGY

The Corporation – the body ultimately responsible for the affairs of the College.

The Principal – the person with the ultimate executive responsibility for the management of the College. The Principal is the Chief Executive and Accounting Officer to the Education and Skills Funding Agency.

Budget Controller – Member of the Senior Leadership Team responsible to the Principal for the strategic management of budgets within their control.

Budget Holder – Functional Head of Department, Curriculum, Quality and Resource Manager or Curriculum, Quality and Resource Director who has been assigned his or her own budget and is accountable to a budget controller for the management of that budget.

Line Manager – a member of staff with management responsibility for other staff members.

Deputy CEO and Vice Principal – Corporate and Resources – the chief financial officer of the College.

ESFA – The Education and Skills Funding Agency.

## 2 STATUS OF FINANCIAL REGULATIONS

This document sets out the College's Financial Regulations. It translates into practical guidance the College's broad policies relating to financial control. This document was approved by the Corporation on 5 July 2022 it applies to the College and all its subsidiary undertakings where they exist.

These Financial Regulations are subordinate to the College's Instrument and Articles of Government and to any restrictions contained within the College's Condition of Funding Agreement with the Secretary of State for Education acting through the Education and Skills Funding Agency and the Post-16 Audit Code of Practice.

Compliance with the Financial Regulations is compulsory for all staff connected with the College. A member of staff who fails to comply with the Financial Regulations may be subject to disciplinary action under the College's Disciplinary Policy. Any such breach will be notified to the Corporation through the Audit Committee.

It is the responsibility of Budget Controllers and Budget Holders to ensure that their staff are made aware of the existence and content of the College's Financial Regulations.

Terms of Reference of the Audit Committee include a review of the Financial Regulations and advising the Corporation of any additions or changes necessary. However, changes to the Regulations reflecting changes in the College's accounting and management structure can be made by the approval of the

Principal. Ultimate responsibility for ensuring compliance with the Financial Regulations rests with the Principal in his position as Accounting Officer.

Amendments to the Financial Procedures must be considered and approved by the Senior Leadership Team, these detailed financial procedures set out precisely how the Regulations will be implemented and are contained in a separate document which is available on the staff intranet.

For legal purposes, the full and correct name of the College is "Heart of Worcestershire College". Although the College has no registered office, as such, the address for the delivery of legal documents is:

Heart of Worcestershire College  
Peakman Street  
Redditch  
B98 8DW

### **3 FINANCIAL CONTROL**

#### **3.1 THE CORPORATION**

The Corporation has ultimate responsibility for the affairs of the College. The financial responsibilities of the Corporation include:

- ensuring the solvency of the College and the safeguarding of the College's assets;
- appointing, grading, suspending, dismissing and determining the pay and conditions of service of the Principal, other Senior Post Holders and the Clerk to the Corporation;
- approving a framework for pay and conditions of service of all other staff;
- ensuring that the financial, planning and other management controls, including controls against fraud and theft, applied by the College are appropriate and sufficient to safeguard public funds;
- approving the appointment of external auditors and an internal audit service;
- securing the effective and efficient use of resources;
- ensuring that appropriate financial considerations are taken into account at all stages in reaching decisions and in their execution;
- planning and conducting its financial and academic affairs so that its total income is not less than sufficient, taking one year with another, to meet its total expenditure;
- approving an annual budget before the start of each financial year;
- setting the policy for determining tuition fees;
- approving the annual financial statements.

## 3.2 COMMITTEE STRUCTURE

The Corporation has ultimate responsibility for the College's finances and has established a Committee structure to support the scrutiny and monitoring of financial matters. These committees are accountable to the Corporation.

### 3.2.1 Audit Committee

Colleges are required by their Condition of Funding Agreement with the funding agency and the Post-16 Audit Code of Practice to appoint an Audit Committee. The Committee is independent, advisory and reports to the Corporation. It has the right of access to obtain all the information it considers necessary and to consult directly with the internal and external auditors. The Committee is responsible for identifying and approving appropriate performance measures for internal and external audit and for monitoring their performance. It must also satisfy itself that satisfactory arrangements are in place to promote economy, efficiency and effectiveness. The audit requirements of the College are set out in the funding agencies Post-16 Audit Code of Practice.

### 3.2.2 Remuneration Committee

Consideration of senior post-holders pay and conditions is the responsibility of the Remuneration Committee. It makes recommendations to the Corporation on their remuneration, including pay and other benefits, as well as contractual arrangements.

### 3.2.3 Governance and Search Committee

Responsible for advising the Corporation on the appointment of Members other than Staff and Student Members, it also advises the Corporation on the arrangements for Corporation self-assessment.

### 3.2.4 Students Association / Union

The Students Association/Union shall conduct and manage its own affairs and funds within the framework of the Education Act 1994 and in accordance with a constitution approved by the Corporation. No amendment to or rescission of the constitution in part or in whole, shall be valid unless and until approved by the Corporation. The Students' Association will present accounts annually to the Corporation.

### 3.2.5 Task and Finish Group

The Corporation may also establish, for specific purposes, a Task and Finish Group which would operate for a time limited period.

## 3.3 RESPONSIBILITY OF MANAGEMENT

### 3.3.1 The Principal

The Principal is the College's designated accounting officer and is responsible for the financial administration of the College's affairs in accordance with the Condition of Funding Agreement with the funding agency. As the designated officer the Principal may be required to justify any of the College's financial matters to the Public Accounts Committee at the House of Commons.

As an Accounting Officer the Principal is responsible for preparing an annual estimate of income and expenditure, for consideration and approval by the Corporation.

The Principal shall demonstrate his management of financial matters by signing the Balance Sheet and the Statement of Corporate Governance within the Annual Financial Statements, and within any financial returns requiring submission to the ESFA where required.

### 3.3.2 The Deputy CEO and Vice Principal – Corporate and Resources

Day to day financial administration is controlled by the Deputy CEO and Vice Principal – Corporate and Resources who is responsible to the Principal for:

- advising on financial strategy;
- preparing annual capital and revenue budgets and financial plans;
- preparing accounts, management information, monitoring and control of expenditure against budgets and all financial operations;
- preparing the College's annual accounts for submission to the ESFA and any other financial statements and accounts which the College is required to submit to other authorities;
- ensuring that the College maintains satisfactory financial systems;
- providing professional advice on all matters relating to Financial Regulations and Procedures;
- issuing and keeping up to date, detailed Financial Procedures for the implementation of these Financial Regulations;
- day-to-day liaison with internal and external auditors in order to achieve efficient processes.

### 3.3.3 Budget Controllers – Member of the Senior Leadership Team

Directors, Assistant Principals and Vice Principals who are members of the Senior Leadership Team are responsible to the Principal for the strategic management of budgets within their control.

Budget Controllers are responsible for establishing and maintaining clear lines of responsibility with their Budget Holders and their departments for all financial matters.

### 3.3.4 Budget Holders – Heads of Department, CRQ Directors and CRQ Managers

CRQ Directors, CRQ Managers and Heads of Department are responsible to Budget Controller for financial management for the areas or activities they control. They are advised by the Vice Principal – Finance & Corporate Operations in executing their financial duties. The Vice Principal – Finance & Corporate Operations will also supervise and approve the financial systems operating within their departments, including the form in which any accounts and financial records are kept. Budget Holders are responsible for establishing and maintaining clear lines of responsibility within their department for all financial matters. Where resources are devolved further to departmental staff, they are accountable to their Budget Holders for their own budget.

Budget Holders shall provide the Deputy CEO and Vice Principal – Corporate and Resources with such information as may be required to enable:

- compilation of the College's financial statements
- implementation of financial planning
- implementation of audit and financial reviews, projects and value for money studies.

### 3.3.5 All members of staff

All members of staff should be aware and have a general responsibility for the security of the College's property, for avoiding loss and for due economy in the use of resources. They should ensure that they are aware of the College's financial authority limits and the values of purchases for which quotations and tenders are required.

They shall make available any relevant records or information to the Deputy CEO and Vice Principal – Corporate and Resources or his or her authorised representative in connection with the implementation of the College's financial policies, these Financial Regulations and the system of financial control.

They shall provide the Deputy CEO and Vice Principal – Corporate and Resources with such financial and other information, as he or she may deem necessary, from time to time, to carry out the requirements of the Corporation.

They shall immediately notify the Deputy CEO and Vice Principal – Corporate and Resources and Vice Principal – Finance & Corporate Operations whenever any matter arises which involves, or is thought to



involve, irregularities concerning, inter alia, cash or property of the College. The Deputy CEO and Vice Principal – Corporate and Resources shall take such steps as they consider necessary by way of investigation and report.

### 3.4 **PLANNING AND BUDGETING**

#### 3.4.1 Financial Planning

The Deputy CEO and Vice Principal – Corporate and Resources is responsible for preparing annually a Financial Forecast, in accordance with the ESFA requirements, for approval by the Corporation and for submitting this document to the funding agency. Financial plans should be consistent with the Strategy approved by the Corporation.

#### 3.4.2 Resource Allocation

Resources are allocated annually by the Corporation.

Budget Holders and Budget Controllers are responsible for the economic, effective and efficient use of resources allocated to them.

#### 3.4.3 Budget Preparation

The Deputy CEO and Vice Principal – Corporate and Resources is responsible for preparing annually a revenue budget for consideration by the Corporation. The budget should also include a monthly cash flow forecast and a projected year end balance sheet for the new financial year. The Vice Principal – Finance & Corporate Operations must ensure that detailed budgets are prepared in order to support the resource allocation process and that these are communicated to Budget Holders as soon as possible following their approval by the Corporation.

#### 3.4.4 Capital Programmes

The capital programme includes all expenditure on land, buildings, equipment, furniture and associated costs, (whether or not they are funded from capital grants), which fit the College's capitalisation criteria.

The Deputy CEO and Vice Principal – Corporate and Resources will establish protocols for the inclusion of capital projects in the capital programme. These will set out the information that is required for each proposed project as well as the financial criteria that they are required to meet. They are shown in more detail in financial procedures.

The Deputy CEO and Vice Principal – Corporate and Resources is responsible for ensuring planned capital expenditure does not exceed values considered affordable in the annual Financial Forecast.

The Deputy CEO and Vice Principal – Corporate and Resources will also establish procedures for the approval of variations to capital expenditure, including the notification of large variations to the funding agency, as laid down in funding agency guidelines.

The Vice Principal – Finance & Corporate Operations is responsible for providing regular statements concerning all capital expenditure to Corporation for monitoring purposes.

Following completion of a major capital project, a post-project evaluation or final report should be submitted to Corporation. Post-project evaluations may also need to be sent to the relevant funding body, as laid down in funding agency guidelines or grant award conditions.

#### 3.4.5 Budgetary Control

Designated budget holders are required to maintain control of income and expenditure within an agreed budget with day to day monitoring undertaken effectively. Budget Holders are responsible to the Principal, Deputy CEO and Vice Principal – Corporate and Resources and their Budget Controllers for the proper management of income and expenditure appropriate to their budget.

Significant departures from agreed budgetary targets must be reported immediately to Vice Principal – Finance & Corporate Operations and, if necessary, arrangements for corrective action taken.

#### 3.4.6 KPI's and Management Accounts

The budget holder will be assisted in this duty by management information provided by the Vice Principal – Finance & Corporate Operations. The types of management information available to different levels of management are described in the College's detailed Financial Procedures. The KPI's and Management Accounts pack will normally be prepared within 10 working days of the month end.

The KPI's and Managements Accounts pack should address all aspects of the College's finances with an income and expenditure account, a balance sheet and a twelve-month rolling cash flow forecast. Variances and a forecast out-turn should also be included. The pack should be aligned to the FE Commissioner best practice on Management Accounts reporting

These reports will be considered by the Senior Leadership Team every month.

Financial Key Performance Indicators and summary financial information will be presented to the Corporation on at least a termly basis.

#### 3.4.7 Virement

##### Budget Heads

The Principal is permitted to exercise virement between all budget heads provided:

- The amount involved does not exceed £100,000 in relation to any one proposal or related series of proposals;
- the action does not involve the College in any additional financial commitment, including subsequent years.

Virement powers are delegated to budget holders;

- where a budget holder is responsible for more than one budget, virement in line with the financial procedures is permitted up to £1,000;
- virement between budgets held by different budget holders is permitted with the written approval of the transferring budget holder and budget controllers.

A budget controller must approve all virements or connected series of virements in excess of £1,000.

The Deputy CEO and Vice Principal – Corporate and Resources is responsible for submitting requests for virement of resources in excess of £100,000, or which involve additional financial commitment in subsequent years to the Corporation for consideration and approval.

#### 3.4.8 Amendments to Budget Income or Expenditure

Changes proposed to the approved budget impacting on the predicted College surplus will be considered, with proposals, by the Corporation.

#### 3.4.9 Overseas activity

In planning and undertaking overseas activity, the College must have due regard to relevant guidelines issued by the funding agency.

### 3.5 **ACCOUNTING POLICIES**

#### 3.5.1 Financial year

The College's financial year will run from 1 August until 31 July the following year.

#### 3.5.2 Basis of Accounting

The consolidated financial statements are prepared on the historical cost basis of accounting and in accordance with applicable accounting standards and the Statement of Recommended Practice: Accounting for Further and Higher Education (the 'FE HE SORP').

#### 3.5.3 Format of the Accounts

The accounts are prepared for the financial year ending 31 July, in the format required by the ESFA and in accordance with the provisions of the relevant Companies Act legislation; the latter applying to subsidiary companies.

#### 3.5.4 Basis of Consolidation

The consolidated financial statements consolidate the financial statements of the College and all its material subsidiary undertakings for the financial year.

### 3.6 **ACCOUNTING RETURNS**

The Deputy CEO and Vice Principal – Corporate and Resources is responsible for ensuring the submission of financial returns and other periodic financial reports to the ESFA and other agencies as required. The Vice Principal – Finance & Corporate Operations is also responsible for ensuring that all grants notified by the ESFA and other bodies are received.

### 3.7 **ACCOUNTING RECORDS**

The Vice Principal – Finance & Corporate Operations is responsible for the retention of financial documents. These should be kept in a form acceptable to the relevant authorities.

The College is required by law to retain prime documents for six years. These include:

- official purchase orders
- paid invoices
- accounts raised
- bank statements
- copies of receipts
- paid cheques
- a complete record of transactions for each year from the computerised accounting system
- payroll records, including hourly paid lecturers' contracts.

The Vice Principal – Finance & Corporate Operations will make appropriate arrangements for the retention of electronic records.

Additionally, for auditing and other purposes, other financial documents should be retained for at least three years or as determined by the funder.

### 3.8 **CAPITALISATION AND DEPRECIATION**

New land and buildings will be recorded in the balance sheet at actual build or acquisition cost, except where they are received as gifts, where they will be recorded at depreciated replacement value. Buildings will be depreciated in equal instalments over their estimated remaining useful life. Land will not be depreciated.

Expenditure incurred on repair, refurbishment or extension of existing buildings will not be capitalised unless it can be demonstrated that the resultant value of the building following this expenditure, on the basis of depreciated replacement value, is greater than the current book value.

Expenditure incurred on the acquisition of assets other than land and buildings will be recorded in the balance sheet where the acquisition cost per item is £1,500 or more and the asset has a useful life greater than 12 months.

Grouped items (e.g. a suite of computers) with an individual value of less than £1,500, but a group value of £1,500 or more, will be capitalised.

Capitalised assets will be depreciated over the useful economic life of the asset as defined in financial procedures, commencing in the year of acquisition.

Depreciation rates used are appropriate for the useful economic life of the asset. The College uses the following rates.

- |  |          |
|--|----------|
| • New Buildings                        | 50 years |
| • Inherited Buildings                  | 40 years |
| • Building Adaptations                 | 15 years |
| • Computers                            | 3 years  |
| • Equipment                            | 3 years  |
| • Long term equipment / Motor Vehicles | 7 years  |
| • Fixtures & fittings                  | 7 years  |

### **3.9 GOVERNMENT GRANTS**

Upon transition to the Financial Reporting Standard 102 (FRS102) the Corporation formally agreed to adopt the Accruals Model for Government Capital Grants and the Performance Model for Government Revenue Grants.

The Vice Principal – Finance & Corporate Operations is responsible for ensuring the correct accounting treatment of Government Grants in line with this policy choice.

### **3.10 PUBLIC ACCESS**

Under the terms of the Charities Act 1993, the Corporation is required to supply any person with a copy of the College's most recent Financial Statements within two months of a request. The Act enables the Corporation to levy a reasonable fee and this will be charged at the discretion of the Vice Principal – Finance & Corporate Operations. The College will ensure that the Financial Statements are available online no later than 31<sup>st</sup> January of each preceding year end.

### **3.11 FINANCIAL PROCEDURES**

The Vice Principal – Finance & Corporate Operations shall ensure that up to date Financial Procedures for both budget management and financial systems are available to staff to ensure the efficient and effective management of the finance function. The Financial Procedures shall be subject to approval by the Senior Leadership Team.

### **3.12 AUDIT REQUIREMENTS**

#### **3.12.1 General**

External auditors and internal auditors shall have authority to:

- access College premises at reasonable times;
- access all assets, records, documents and correspondence relating to any financial and other transactions of the College;

- require and receive such explanations as are necessary concerning any matter under examination;
- require any employee of the College to account for cash, stores or any other College property under his or her control;
- access records belonging to third parties, such as contractors, when required.

The Vice Principal – Finance & Corporate Operations is responsible for drawing up a timetable for final accounts purposes and will advise staff and the external auditors accordingly.

The Audit Committee should review the annual Financial Statements, on the recommendation of the Audit Committee they will be submitted to the Corporation for approval.

### 3.12.2 External audit

The appointment of external auditors for the main financial statements of the College will take place annually and is the responsibility of the Corporation. The Corporation will be advised by the Audit Committee.

The primary role of external audit is to report on the College's financial statements and to carry out such examination of the statements and underlying records and control systems as are necessary to reach their opinion on the statements and to report on the appropriate use of funds. Their duties will be in accordance with advice set out in the funding agency's Post-16 Audit Code of Practice and the Auditing Practices Board's statements of auditing standards.

In addition, the funding agency may appoint separate auditors to carry out an external audit of the College's Individualised Learner Record (ILR) return. The primary role of this audit is to give assurance to the funding agency that the College's funding is accurate within certain agreed tolerances. This work will also help the external auditors of the College in their work on the income elements of the financial statements.

### 3.12.3 Internal audit

The internal auditor is appointed by the Corporation on the recommendation of the Audit Committee.

The main responsibility of internal audit is to provide the Corporation, the Principal and Senior Leadership Team with assurances on the adequacy of the internal control system.

The internal audit service remains independent in its planning and operation but has direct access to the Corporation, Principal and Chair of the Audit Committee. The internal auditor will comply with the Auditing Practices Board's auditing guideline Guidance for Internal Auditors.

## **4 COMPANIES AND COMMERCIAL ACTIVITIES**

### **4.1 COMPANIES AND JOINT VENTURES**

In certain circumstances it may be advantageous to the College to establish a company to undertake services on its behalf.

The Corporation is responsible for approving the establishment of companies (or joint ventures) and the procedure to be followed in order to do so. The process involved in forming a company and arrangement for monitoring and reporting on the activities of subsidiary undertakings will be in the first instance the responsibility of the Corporation. The Corporation has the power to direct that these matters are considered by any other appropriate committee.

The Corporation will undertake a thorough review of the business plan and any proposed control arrangements for a new company.

The Corporation should ensure that following the establishment of a separate company a formal memorandum of understanding is established between the College and the company, setting out the relationship between the company and the College.

Before any College funds are made available to a Company, the Corporation should ensure that it will receive a satisfactory return, and that the College bears an acceptable level of risk.

ESFA funds may be used to purchase goods and services from a company or joint venture, subject to the usual requirements with regard to value for money. However, ESFA funds should not be used to fund or subsidise private trading ventures by the College, either through direct transfers or cash or indirect funding or subsidy arrangements such as granting subsidiaries more favourable terms of trade than other customers and providing staff free of charge or at a rate which does not cover the full costs involved.

It is the responsibility of the Corporation to establish the shareholding arrangements. Directors of companies will be appointed in accordance with the articles of the company and in accordance with the guidance issued by the ESFA.

The external auditors of the College will also be the external auditors of any companies established by the Corporation, and the financial framework within which the company operates shall be the same as that of the College. The directors of College companies must submit the annual accounts to the Corporation. The performance of the company must be reported at least annually to the Corporation.

## 4.2 **INTELLECTUAL PROPERTY RIGHTS AND PATENTS**

### 4.2.1 General

Certain activities undertaken within the College including research and consultancy may give rise to ideas, designs, marks and inventions which may be patentable or registered. These are collectively known as intellectual property.

### 4.2.2 Patents

The Corporation is responsible for establishing procedures to deal with any patents accruing to the College from inventions and discoveries made by staff in the course of their research.

### 4.2.3 Intellectual Property Rights

In the event of the College deciding to become involved in the commercial exploitation of inventions research and registered marks, the matter should then proceed in accordance with the intellectual property procedures issued by the College.

## 5 **INCOME AND BANKING**

### 5.1 **GENERAL**

The Deputy CEO and Vice Principal – Corporate and Resources—is responsible for ensuring that appropriate procedures are in operation to enable the College to receive all income to which it is entitled. All receipt forms, invoices or other official documents in use and electronic collection systems must have the approval of the Deputy CEO and Vice Principal – Corporate and Resources.

Levels of tuition fees, services rendered, good supplied and rents and listings are procedures approved by the Principal.

The Vice Principal – Finance & Corporate Operations is responsible for the prompt collection, security and banking of all income received.

The Vice Principal – Finance & Corporate Operations is responsible for ensuring that all grants notified by the ESFA and other bodies are received and appropriately recorded in the College's accounts.

The Vice Principal – Finance & Corporate Operations is responsible for ensuring that all claims for funds, including ad-hoc grants and contracts, are made by the due date.

## 5.2 APPOINTMENT OF BANKERS

The Corporation is responsible for the appointment of the College's bankers.

## 5.3 BANKING ARRANGEMENTS

The Vice Principal – Finance & Corporate Operations is responsible for, on behalf of the Corporation, liaising with the College's bankers in relation to the College's bank accounts and the issue of cheques. All cheques shall be ordered on the authority of the Vice Principal – Finance & Corporate Operations who shall make proper arrangements for their safe custody.

No account associated with the College shall be established except with the authorisation of the Principal and Chair or Vice Chair of the Corporation, other than those defined within the Investment Strategy.

All bank accounts shall be in the name of the College or one of its subsidiary companies.

No other College department, directorate or section shall be empowered to operate a bank account in the name of the College and no cheques or financial instruments made payable to the College shall be endorsed and credited to any other account.

All cheques and automated transfers, such as BACS, CHAPS or Faster Payments, drawn on behalf of the College must be approved in the form approved by the Corporation. Details of authorised persons and limits are set out in Schedule 2.

Any changes to the bank mandate must be authorised by the Corporation. The Vice Principal – Finance & Corporate Operations is responsible for updating the bank mandate immediately if a signatory leaves the College.

The Vice Principal – Finance & Corporate Operations is responsible for ensuring that all bank accounts are subject to regular reconciliation and that large or unusual items are investigated as appropriate.

Where required, overdraft or loan facilities shall be arranged only on the specific direction of the Corporation.

## 5.4 RECEIPTS OF CASH AND OTHER NEGOTIABLE INSTRUMENTS

The College will aim to avoid and reduce cash transactions wherever possible, instead using PDQ card machines or utilising the College online payment facilities.

The Vice Principal – Finance & Corporate Operations will authorise College departments who can hold cash takings and receive monies on behalf of the College. These departments will have access to till facilities where an official College receipt can be given. Outside of these departments staff should not take cash/cheque payments from students.

All monies received within these College departments, from whatever source, must be recorded on a daily basis together with the form in which they were received.

All monies must be paid in promptly. The custody and transit of all monies received must comply with the requirements of the College's insurers. Staff within these authorised departments have a duty of care to ensure the safe custody of cash and cheques, they should use appropriate safes or lockable cash boxes and shall ensure these are kept in a secure place.

All sums received must be paid in and accounted for in full and must not be used to meet miscellaneous departmental expenses or be paid into the departmental petty cash float. Personal or other cheques must not be cashed out of money received or held on behalf of the College.

The College may only receive payments by debit or credit card using systems and procedures approved by the Vice Principal – Finance & Corporate Operations.

## 5.5 THE COLLECTION OF DEBTS

The Vice Principal – Finance & Corporate Operations shall ensure that:

- debtors invoices are raised promptly on official sequentially numbered invoices, in respect of income due to the College;
- invoices are prepared with care, recorded in the ledger, show the correct amount due and are credited to the appropriate income account;
- any credits granted are valid, properly authorised and completely recorded;
- VAT is correctly charged where appropriate, and accounted for;
- monies received are posted to the correct debtors account;
- swift and effective action is taken to collect overdue debts in accordance with the protocols noted in the financial procedures;
- outstanding debts are monitored and reports are prepared for management.

Only the Principal, Deputy CEO and Vice Principal – Corporate and Resources, Vice Principal – Finance & Corporate Operations or Head of Finance can agree instalment arrangements outside of those standard arrangements detailed in the College Fees Policy and indicate the periods in which the invoice must be paid.

The Deputy CEO and Vice Principal – Corporate and Resources or Vice Principal – Finance & Corporate Operations may authorise the write off of a debt under £1000 and the Principal may authorise the write off of a debt not exceeding £10,000. Any debt above £10,000 that becomes doubtful or unlikely to be collected shall be referred to the Chair or Vice Chair of the Corporation for a decision on action to be taken.

## 5.6 FEES POLICY

The Principal shall ensure that there is a policy in place concerning all aspects of fees payable to the College. The Fees Policy will include fee levels, instalments, remission and non-payment. The procedure for collecting tuition and other fees is detailed in the fees policy. The Vice Principal – Finance & Corporate Operations will be responsible for reviewing the policy and ensuring that all student fees due to the College are received.

The Corporation will approve the Fees Policy annually.

The Assistant Principal of Funding, Data and External Contracts will be responsible for maintaining an accurate auditable record of students attending courses and for making this information available in a form that facilitates collection.

The Senior Leadership Team will be responsible for determining fee levels.

Any student who has not paid an account for fees or any other item owing to the College shall be prevented from re-enrolling at the College and from using any of the College's facilities unless appropriate arrangements have been made.

## 5.7 FUNDING

The Vice Principal – Finance & Corporate Operations and the Assistant Principal of Funding, Data and External Contracts are responsible for ensuring that the Senior Leadership Team and the Corporation receive regular, timely and accurate reporting of key student numbers and funding data.

It is the duty of all staff involved in the enrolment of learners to comply with College procedures, and to ensure the accurate completion of enrolment forms and their timely submission to the Assistant Principal of Funding, Data and External Contracts .

College staff should ensure register completion is timely and accurate and in line with College procedures and follow data protection guidance to ensure the integrity and security of personal data.



## **5.8 MAXIMISATION OF INCOME**

It is the responsibility of all staff to ensure that revenue to the College is maximised by the efficient application of agreed procedures for the identification, collection and banking of income. In particular, this requires the prompt notification to the Vice Principal – Finance & Corporate Operations of sums due so that collection can be initiated.

## **5.9 LEARNER SUPPORT FUNDS AND BURSARIES**

The distribution and administration of learner support funds and bursaries will be managed within the College by a nominated panel consisting of the Admissions & Advice Centre Manager, representatives from the Customers Services team, Payments Assistant (LSF) or Senior Payments Assistant from the Finance Department. The panel may also co-opt other College staff if specialist advice or guidance is required.

The panel will be responsible for ensuring the allocation of funds conforms to the requirements of all relevant funding bodies and financial procedures.

A summary of the total amounts disbursed for learner support funds are contained within the Financial Statements produced annually.

## **5.10 OTHER INCOME GENERATING ACTIVITIES**

### **5.10.1 Income Generating Activities**

All other income-generating activities must be self-financing or surplus-generating unless it is intended that a new course or activity is to be launched as a loss leader. If that is the case, the reason for it must be specified and agreed during the relevant budget meeting and Budget Controller.

Other income-generating activities organised by members of staff must be costed and agreed with the Deputy CEO and Vice Principal – Corporate and Resources or Vice Principal – Finance & Corporate Operations before any commitments are made. Provision must be made for charging both direct and indirect costs and for the recovery of overheads.

Any unplanned deficits incurred on other income-generating activities will be charged to departmental funds.

### **5.10.2 Sub-contracting and Partner Delivery**

Any contract or arrangement whereby the College provides education to students away from College premises, or with the assistance of persons other than the Colleges own staff or with independent contractors (partner organisations), must be subject to the following procedure:

- Contracts for Sub-contracting and Partner Delivery shall be approved in advance by the Corporation and will be in line with funding agency guidance and limits.
- There shall be a contract signed by the Principal and on behalf of any partner organisation that shall comply at least with the funding agency model contract (as amended from time to time) and is in place before any provision is made.
- Contracts will not exceed 12 months in any period up to 31 July in any year.
- The impact of the contract(s) shall be subject to scrutiny by the Corporation. The Corporation will receive regular reports on Sub-contracting and Partner Delivery activity. They shall consider the risk factors associated with the proposed partnership and agree an appropriate entry in the College's financial forecast.
- Where the partnership would represent a significant departure from the College's strategic plan, the Corporation shall approve the departure, and the Principal shall seek the views of and inform the funding agency.

### 5.10.3 ESFA Regulations for Sub-contracted provision

The Condition of Funding Agreement Further Education Colleges 2021/22 states:

The Contractor must comply with;

- the Funding Rules; and
- the Sub-Contractor Policy; and
- the Sub-Contracting Funding Rules; and
- the Funding Higher Risk Organisations and Subcontractors Policy

The Contractor must select its Sub-Contractors fairly and without discrimination and must comply with any procurement rules that apply when doing so, including the Public Contracts Regulations 2015 where the Contractor is a contracting authority under those regulations.

The Contractor must ensure that proposed Sub-Contractors are of adequate financial standing and have sufficient capacity and capability to deliver the Services that are to be Sub-Contracted.

When appointing and working with Sub-Contractors the Contractor must have regard to paragraph 8 of the Sub-Contracting Funding Rules in relation to conflicts of interest.

The Contractor must have a direct contractual relationship by way of a SubContract with all of its Sub-Contractors. The Contractor must ensure that its Sub-Contractors do not sub-contract any of the Services further to other suppliers.

The Contractor must not enter into any agreement for Brokerage in relation to the Services under this Agreement. Requirements for Sub-Contracts

The Contractor must enter into a written Sub-Contract with any supplier that the Contractor is proposing to use as a Sub-Contractor. The Contractor and the Sub-Contractor must enter into the Sub-Contract before the Sub-Contractor commences the delivery of the proposed sub-contracted Services.

The Sub-Contract must include:

- Terms and conditions substantially the same as those set out in this Agreement, including but not limited to the right for the Contractor to terminate the Sub-Contract if the Sub-Contractor does not pass the annual due diligence checks and such other matters as are set out in paragraphs 12-22 of the Sub-Contracting Funding Rules;
- payment provisions such that the Contractor must pay the SubContractor within 30 days of receiving a valid invoice
- An obligation on the Sub-Contractor to obtain express written permission from the Contractor before enrolling any Learners;
- an obligation on the Sub-Contractor to fund and support enrolled Learners for the duration of their Learning Programme;
- an obligation on the Sub-Contractor to participate in any rectification plan as appropriate in the event that the Sub-Contractor has committed an act which would constitute a material breach of this Agreement (whether or not it is also a breach of the Sub-Contract); and
- sanctions on the Sub-Contractor for material breach of the SubContract substantially the same as those set out in this Agreement.

Sub-Contracts must be available at all times for the Department to inspect on request

#### Due Diligence

The Contractor must carry out its own due diligence checks when appointing subcontractors and must take account of the criteria set out in the Funding Higher Risk Organisations Policy.

The Contractor must ensure it refreshes the due diligence checks on its Sub-Contracting arrangements on at least an annual basis, including but not limited to reviewing its Sub-Contracts and the rationale for entering into each Sub-Contract, any fees and charges involved in the delivery of its sub-contracted

Services and whether each cost is reasonable and proportionate in accordance with paragraph 12 of the Sub-Contracting Funding Rules.

If a Sub-Contractor does not pass the due diligence requirements set out at paragraphs 12-18 of the Subcontracting Funding Rules, the Contractor must take action in accordance with paragraph 19 of the Sub-Contracting Funding Rules.

The Contractor must refer to the List of Declared Sub-Contractors to determine the aggregate value of all sub-contracts a Sub-Contractor holds. Where any Sub-Contractor holds Sub-Contracts with an aggregate value of £100,000 or greater for any Funding Year the Contractor must comply with paragraph 21 of the Sub-Contracting Funding Rules.

The Contractor must refer to the List of Declared Sub-Contractors to determine the aggregate value of all sub-contracts a Sub-Contractor holds. Where any Sub-Contractor holds Sub-Contracts with an aggregate value of £500,000 or greater for any Funding Year the Contractor must comply with paragraph 22 of the Sub-Contracting Funding Rules.

#### 5.10.4 European Social Fund (ESF) and other matched funding

Any such project requires the approval of the Principal prior to any commitment being entered into. Such approval shall be dependent upon the relevant Budget Controller being able to demonstrate that eligible matching funds are available and that the project is financially viable.

Approved projects shall be the subject of a report by the Principal to the Corporation which will set out, amongst other things, the potential risks generated by the project.

If the College sub-contracts such work to external providers, the relevant Budget Controller shall ensure that:

- this is on the basis of a written contract, which allows for full audit access to detailed records;
- appropriate monitoring procedures are in place to ensure that the outputs are achieved and the provision is of suitable quality;
- payments are only made against detailed invoices.

## 6 **OTHER GRANTS AND CONTRACTS**

Where approaches are to be made to outside bodies for support for projects or where contracts are to be undertaken on behalf of such bodies, it is the responsibility of the Budget Controller and Budget Holder to ensure that the financial implications have been appraised by the Deputy CEO and Vice Principal – Corporate and Resources or Vice Principal – Finance & Corporate Operations. This will include obtaining a set of grant terms and conditions from each organisation providing funding to enable appropriate monitoring of compliance. All contracts must be agreed by the Principal or Budget Controller.

Each grant or contract will have a named supervisor or holder and will be assigned to a specific budget holder. Control of pay and non-pay expenditure will be contained within the grant or contract limits.

Budget Holders may delegate day-to-day control of the account to a named member of staff, but any overspend or under-recovery of overheads is the clear responsibility of the budget holder with any loss being a charge on departmental funds.

Many grant-awarding bodies and contracting organisations stipulate conditions under which the funding is given. In addition, there are often procedures to be followed regarding the submission of interim or final reports or the provision of other relevant information. Failure to respond to these conditions often means that the College will suffer a significant financial penalty. It is the responsibility of the named budget holder to ensure that conditions of funding are met.

Any loss to the College resulting from a failure to meet conditions of funding is the responsibility of the budget holder and will be charged against departmental funds.

## **7 EXPENDITURE**

### **7.1 GENERAL**

The Vice Principal – Finance & Corporate Operations is responsible for ensuring appropriate arrangements for making payments to suppliers of goods and services to the College.

### **7.2 AUTHORITIES**

The Budget Holder is responsible for purchases up to £1,000 in their department, purchases in excess of this amount and up to £5,000 must be approved by the budget controller. The Deputy CEO and Vice Principal – Corporate and Resources or Vice Principal – Finance & Corporate Operations will in addition approve expenditure between £5,000 and £50,000 as detailed in Schedule 1.

Purchasing authority may be delegated by the budget holder to named individuals within their department. In exercising this delegated authority, budget holders are required to observe the purchasing policy and financial procedures.

The Vice Principal – Finance & Corporate Operations shall maintain a register of authorised signatories and specimen signatures of those approving transactions for any remaining paper systems where online systems are not yet used or in place. The Vice Principal – Finance & Corporate Operations must be notified immediately of any changes to the authorities to commit expenditure.

Budget Holders (or those designated with purchasing authority) are not authorised to commit the College to expenditure without first reserving sufficient funds to meet the full purchase cost.

The member of staff authorising the invoice for payment must be different from the member of staff responsible for approving the purchase order, to ensure adequate separation of duties in all College transactions.

### **7.3 PETTY CASH**

Where a single item is for less than £30 and it cannot be purchased using a GPC card, it may be reimbursed from the petty cash floats held on each campus. It must be supported by a receipt attached to a College petty cash voucher. Petty cash purchases should not be used to circumvent the normal purchasing process for supplies and services.

The Vice Principal – Finance & Corporate Operations may establish such imprests as are considered necessary for the disbursement of petty cash expenses within departments. However, it is important for security purposes that petty cash imprest floats are kept to a minimum.

Requisitions for reimbursement of floats must be presented to the Finance Office, together with appropriate receipts or vouchers, before the total amount held has been expended, in order to retain a working balance pending receipt of the amount claimed.

The member of staff granted a float is personally responsible for its safe keeping. The petty cash box must be kept locked in a secure place in compliance with the requirements of the College's insurers when not in use and will be subject to periodic checks by the Finance Department.

At the end of the financial year a certificate of the balances held should be completed by the member of staff responsible for the float and counter signed by the Budget Holder or Budget Controller.

## **7.4 PROCUREMENT**

The College requires all budget holders, irrespective of the source of funds, to obtain supplies, equipment and services at the lowest possible cost consistent with quality, delivery requirements and sustainability, and in accordance with sound business practice. Budget holders should have regard to value for money in the purchase of all items. They are responsible for ensuring the purchase is necessary and that the cost can be met from within their budget. Deliberate miscoding of expenditure to another budget holders' budget is not allowed.

The Vice Principal – Finance & Corporate Operations is responsible to the Deputy CEO and Vice Principal – Corporate and Resources for:

- ensuring that the College's purchasing policy is known and observed by all involved in purchasing for the College;
- advising on matters of College purchasing policy and practice;
- advising and assisting departments where required on specific departmental purchases;
- developing appropriate standing supply arrangements on behalf of the College to assist budget holders in meeting their value for money obligations;
- vetting all orders before they leave the College;
- assisting in the drafting and negotiation of all large-scale purchase contracts (generally in excess of £50,000) undertaken by the College, in collaboration with the responsible department, Deputy CEO and Vice Principal – Corporate and Resources and Procurement Officer;
- ensuring College compliance with UK Procurement Directives and Legislation on public purchasing policy.

## **7.5 PURCHASE ORDERS**

The ordering of goods and services shall be in accordance with the College's detailed financial procedures and purchasing policy.

Official system generated College Purchase Orders must be used for the purchase of all goods or services, except for such items as exam fees and rates or any other exceptions as agreed by the Vice Principal – Finance & Corporate Operations. Petty cash transactions and purchasing card transactions do not generally require a purchase order.

Confirmation orders may only be used in exceptional circumstances and only with the express prior approval of the Principal or Deputy CEO and Vice Principal – Corporate and Resources.

Where the purchasing requirement concerns an immediate and serious matter of health and safety and a delay in obtaining goods or services could put a member of College staff or the public in danger or leave the College liable to litigation, the Facilities Operations Manager is authorised to place a verbal order, to be confirmed by an official purchase order endorsed 'confirmation order only' not later than the following working day.

Orders may only be placed by persons approved to do so and must be fully authorised, before goods or services are obtained. Budget Holders and Budget Controllers must notify the Vice Principal – Finance & Corporate Operations of any persons with delegated authority for ordering and the limitation of such authority.

Disaggregation of orders to allow authorisation at a lower level is strictly prohibited.

Each order must clearly indicate the nature, quantity and dates (where applicable) of the supply or service. The estimated price including discounts and VAT must also be shown.

Official orders shall not be raised for any personal or private purchases, nor shall personal or private use be made of College contracts.

All contracts or orders entered into on behalf of the College must be authorised as specified in Schedule 1 of these Regulations.

When transferring goods or services between cost centres/departments, this must be notified to the finance department via email. No transfer will be actioned without the agreement of all parties concerned.

## 7.6 PURCHASING – TENDERS AND QUOTATIONS

### 7.6.1 Limits and Requirements

Budget Holders and Budget Controllers must comply with the College's tendering procedures contained in the College's purchasing policy, which are applicable as follows:

Value of Purchase	Requirement
Up to £5,000	The budget holder shall have the discretion to decide whether or not to obtain quotations, but value for money must always be obtained.
£5,000 - £49,999	The budget holder shall be required to obtain at least 3 quotations, including one from an approved purchasing consortia (if a consortia is able to supply the required goods or service).
£50,000 and over	All items will require competitive tenders.  Tenders must be considered at the meeting of a Tender Committee comprising two of the Principal, Deputy CEO and Vice Principal – Corporate and Resources and Vice Principal – Finance & Corporate Operations, the Budget Holder responsible for the purchase will also attend.
Above £100,000	All items will require competitive tenders.  Tenders must be considered at the meeting of a Tender Committee. The Chair or Vice Chair of the Corporation must be made aware of such a meeting and may at his/her discretion, attend or delegate such a role to member of the Corporation. Minutes of decisions agreed should be provided to the next Corporation meeting.
Above £500,000	All items will require competitive tenders.  Commitments must be approved by Corporation in addition to the Tender Committee.

Where purchases are made via an approved purchasing consortium CPC (Crescent Purchasing Consortium), ESPO (Eastern Shires Purchasing Organisation) and Crown Commercial Service (Government Procurement Services), full tendering procedures, do not need to be undertaken providing the supplier has already been subjected to competitive tender for the goods or service required by the consortium concerned.

The decision to accept a tender should be taken with due consideration given to both the tender price and the quality of service offered. Where the lowest tender has not been accepted the reason for the decision should be noted within any tender committee report.

The main points concerning tendering are contained in schedule 2.

On occasion the College may need the assistance of a third party to advise on or conduct the tender process on its behalf. In such an instance a departure from the financial regulations will be permitted with the approval and consent of the Deputy CEO and Vice Principal – Corporate and Resources who will ensure that the third party can demonstrate the probity of their tendering procedures match or exceed those of the College.

In exceptional circumstances the College may wish to allow a single tender action. In such instances a departure from the financial regulations and procedures will only be permitted with the specific approval and consent of the Corporation to ensure that the single tender option represents best value.

All requests for single tender action will be presented to the Corporation for approval and must demonstrate that the option represents best value to the College, including verification by an independent expert. In addition, the Corporation must be assured that there are no personal conflicts of interest regarding the proposed transaction.

The Vice Principal – Finance & Corporate Operations will maintain a register of tenders to record all supplies and services tendered by the College.

#### 7.6.2 Post-tender negotiations

Post-tender negotiations (i.e. after receipt of formal tenders but before signing of contracts) with a view to improving price, delivery or other tender terms can be entered into, provided:

- it would not put other tenderers at a disadvantage;
- it would not affect their confidence and trust in the College's tendering process.

In each case, a statement of justification should be approved by the Principal prior to the event, showing:

- background to the procurement;
- reasons for proposing post-tender negotiations;
- demonstration of the improved value for money.

All post-tender negotiations should be reported to the Corporation through any tender committee reports.

#### 7.6.3 UK Procurement Directives and Legislation Directives

The Deputy CEO and Vice Principal – Corporate and Resources is responsible for ensuring the College complies with its legal obligations concerning UK Procurement Directives and Legislation Directives. UK Procurement Directives and Legislation Directives apply to written contracts for all forms of procurement, purchase or hire (whether or not hire purchase) with a total value exceeding a threshold value.

The Vice Principal – Finance & Corporate Operations will advise Budget Holders and Budget Controllers on the thresholds that are currently in operation. These are detailed in Financial Procedures section 4.4. A breach of these UK Directives or Legislation Directives is potentially actionable by a supplier or potential supplier.

It is the responsibility of Budget Holders and Budget Controllers to ensure that their members of staff comply with UK Directives or Legislation Directives by notifying the Vice Principal – Finance & Corporate Operations of any purchase that is likely to exceed the thresholds. This will need to be done well in advance in order to permit adequate time for any procurement processes to be completed.

The Deputy CEO and Vice Principal – Corporate and Resources is required to annually report details on expenditure that exceeds the threshold. Assistant Principals, Directors and Heads of Department must provide copies of the relevant documentation falling into this category to the Vice Principal – Finance & Corporate Operations.

### 7.7 **CONTRACTS**

The achievement of value for money will be an objective in the letting of all contracts.

Before entering into a contract the Deputy CEO and Vice Principal – Corporate and Resources shall ensure that proper advice is obtained where necessary concerning the contents of the contract so that the interests of the College are protected in the event of non-performance or shortfall of performance on the part of the contractor.

All contracts entered must be authorised as specified in Schedule 1 of these Regulations with a copy of the approved contract submitted to the Finance Departments for electronic filing.

Proposals will normally be initiated by the Facilities Operations Manager or HOD Digital Development, Corporate Quality & Innovation in respect of planned replacements, general improvement schemes, space planning or in response to requests from departments.

Major building contracts will be reviewed by the Corporation and are administered by the Deputy CEO and Vice Principal – Corporate and Resources and Facilities Operations Manager .

Consultants may be appointed if the project, as determined by the Corporation, is too large or too specialised for Estates Department resources. Appointments shall be subject to tendering and other procedures where appropriate.

Capital project proposals shall be presented in the form of costings or investment appraisals prepared in conjunction with the Deputy CEO and Vice Principal – Corporate and Resources as appropriate for Corporation consideration and approval by Corporation. Investment appraisals should comply with appropriate funding agency guidance.

Following consideration by the appropriate committee if applicable and approval by the Corporation, capital submissions should be forwarded to the funding agency where appropriate. If the required agreement is secured from the funding agency, funding agency procedural rules should be followed. Funding agency guidance on best practice should be followed even when funding agency approval is not required.

Conditions of contract for the purchase of goods will be followed as described in the College's detailed Financial Procedures. The achievement of value for money will be an objective in the letting of all contracts.

## **7.8 PAYMENT OF INVOICES**

The procedures for making all payments shall be in a form specified by the Vice Principal – Finance & Corporate Operations.

Payments to UK suppliers will normally be made weekly by BACS transfer. In exceptional circumstances the Head of Finance will arrange Faster Payments for urgent payments or cheque payments where bank details cannot be obtained.

Budget Holders and Budget Controllers are responsible for ensuring that expenditure within their departments does not exceed funds available.

Suppliers should be instructed by the budget holder to submit invoices for goods or services to the Finance Department, invoices should not be sent to any other College department. Invoices will be scanned by the finance department on receipt and electronic images made available to the relevant department for electronic authorisation.

Care must be taken by the budget holder to ensure that any discounts receivable are obtained.

Payments will only be made by the Head of Finance against invoices that have been certified for payment by the appropriate originator or nominated representative.

Certification of an invoice will confirm that:

- the goods have been received, examined and approved with regard to quality and quantity, or that service rendered or work done is satisfactory;
- where appropriate, it is matched to the order;
- invoice details (quantity, price discount) are correct;
- the invoice is arithmetically correct;
- the invoice has not previously been passed for payment;



- where appropriate, an entry has been made on a stores record or departmental inventory;
- the appropriate cost code is quoted; this must be one of the cost codes included in the budget holder's areas of responsibility and must correspond with the types of goods or service described on the invoice. Occasionally, the Examinations and Timetabling Manager may code exam related invoices to other departments are part of his Cross College examinations responsibility.

## **7.9 LATE PAYMENT RULES**

The UK has, for some time, been working to promote a culture of prompt payment and has, since 1998, had late payment legislation in place, with the aim of strengthening current legislation and elimination late payment culture in all commercial transactions across the UK. The Directive has been based on UK legislation:

- Late Payments of Commercial Debt (Interest) Act 1998;
- Late Payment of Commercial Debts Regulations 2002;
- Late Payment of Commercial Debts Regulations 2013; and
- Late Payment of Commercial Debts (Amendment) Regulations 2018

Key points are:

- small businesses can charge interest on overdue invoices;
- interest is chargeable on sales made after 1 November 1998;
- the rate of interest is currently 8% per annum above the reference rate (either 31st Dec or 30th June) of the Bank of England;
- Suppliers able to claim a fixed amount in compensation;
- the Act also applies to overseas organisations;
- the College can be sued for non-payment.

In view of the penalties in this Act, the Corporation requires that invoices must be passed for payment as soon as they are received.

## **7.10 GOVERNMENT PROCUREMENT CARDS (GPC)**

Where appropriate, the Deputy CEO and Vice Principal – Corporate and Resources , Vice Principal – Finance & Corporate Operations or Head of Finance may approve the issuing of Government Procurement Cards (GPC) to staff. Such cards shall be used for the payment of valid business expenses only and should be within any budgetary limits, the misuse of such cards shall be grounds for disciplinary action. The Vice Principal – Finance & Corporate Operations will be responsible for setting in place a system to monitor the use of such credit cards and account for expenses charged through them.

## **7.11 PROJECT ADVANCES**

The Vice Principal – Finance & Corporate Operations, on the advice of the relevant Budget Holder or Budget Controller, may approve cash advances for projects, trips or visits carried out away from the College where cash expenditure may be unavoidable. Other forms of payment will be expected to be used wherever possible, such as an official purchase order and subsequent invoice payment or a GPC card.

Receipts or paid invoices will be retained for all sums expended in this way. Upon completion of the project to which the advance relates, a final account must be prepared within two weeks to demonstrate how the advance was disbursed and any unspent balance repaid.

Under no circumstances will a second advance be approved when the final accounting for an earlier advance to a project or individual is outstanding.

## **8. SALARIES, WAGES AND OTHER**

### **8.1 GENERAL**

All College staff will be appointed to the salary scales approved by the Corporation and in accordance with appropriate conditions of service.

All appointments and variations in conditions of service, with the exception of senior post-holders, shall be authorised by a senior post-holder. The Corporation shall approve the appointment of senior post-holders and the Clerk to the Corporation, and variations in conditions of service and salaries.

### **8.2 APPOINTMENT OF STAFF**

All contracts of service shall be concluded in accordance with the College's approved human resource practices and procedures

All offers of employment with the College shall be made in writing by a senior post-holder, with the exception of senior post-holders and the Clerk to the Corporation where offers of appointment will be made by the Chair on behalf of the Corporation.

Budget Holders and Budget Controllers shall ensure that the Finance Department and the Human Resources Department are provided promptly with all information they may require in connection with the appointment, resignation or dismissal of employees.

Permanent staff will only be appointed to those positions for which financial provision has been made in the College budget. The College may also appoint temporary staff where budgetary provision is available to meet the fixed term cost of this appointment.

All recruitment proposals should be recorded and approved via the online recruitment request and must be authorised by the Principal before any temporary or permanent recruitment can occur.

### **8.3 SALARIES AND WAGES**

The Vice Principal – Finance & Corporate Operations is responsible for ensuring correct payments of salaries and wages to all staff including payments for overtime or services rendered. All time sheets and other pay documents, including those relating to fees payable to external examiners, visiting lecturers or invigilators, will be in a form prescribed or approved by the Vice Principal – Finance & Corporate Operations.

The Head of Human Resources will be responsible for keeping the Vice Principal – Finance & Corporate Operations informed of all matters relating to personnel for payroll purposes.

In particular these include:

- appointments, resignations, dismissals, secondments and transfers;
- absences from duty for sickness or other reason, apart from approved leave;
- changes in remuneration other than normal increments and pay awards;
- information necessary to maintain records of services for superannuation, income tax, national insurance.

The Vice Principal – Finance & Corporate Operations is responsible for ensuring correct payment to non-employees and for informing the appropriate authorities of such payments. All casual and part-time employees of the College will be included on the payroll.

The Vice Principal – Finance & Corporate Operations shall be responsible for ensuring that all records relating to payroll, including those of a statutory nature, are properly kept.

All payments must be made in accordance with the College's detailed payroll Financial Procedures and comply with HM Revenue and Customs regulations.

#### **8.4 SUPERANNUATION SCHEMES**

The Corporation is responsible for undertaking the role of employer in relation to appropriate pension arrangements for employees.

The Vice Principal – Finance & Corporate Operations is responsible for day-to-day superannuation matters including:

- paying of contributions to various authorised pension schemes;
- preparing the annual return to various pension schemes;
- auto enrolment procedures.

The Head of Human Resources is responsible for administering eligibility to pension arrangements and for informing the Vice Principal – Finance & Corporate Operations when deductions should begin or cease for staff.

#### **8.5 TRAVEL, SUBSISTENCE AND OTHER ALLOWANCES**

All claims for payment of subsistence allowances, travelling and incidental expenses shall be reimbursed in accordance with the College Policy for the Payment of Expenses for Staff and Governors.

Claims by members of staff must be authorised by their Budget Holder or Budget Controller when the claimant is a Budget Holder. This certification shall be taken to mean that:

- the journeys were authorised;
- the expenses were properly and necessarily incurred;
- the allowances are properly payable by the College;
- the employee has, and is able to, evidence a valid driving license, business use insurance and a current MOT certificate;
- consideration has been given to value for money in choosing the mode of transport.

When the Jane HR Portal is completed, claims will may be approved within the system by the line manager as per the HR hierarchy. Budget holders will receive details of all transactions through monthly reporting and Management Accounts.

The Chair shall approve arrangements for travel by the Principal or members of the Corporation; the Clerk to the Corporation will certify claims for members. The Clerk to the Corporation shall approve arrangements for travel by the Chair, including the authorisation of claims.

College staff or Governors undertaking approved journeys using rail travel may be issued an online confirmation by the Head of Finance to cover the purchase of an appropriate rail ticket. Request for rail tickets must be accompanied by an authorised request form and will only be issued for official College travel.

All arrangements for overseas travel must be approved by the Principal in advance of committing the College to those arrangements or confirmation of any travel bookings. The Chair shall approve arrangements for overseas travel by the Principal or members of the Corporation. The Clerk to the Corporation shall approve arrangements for travel by the Chair.

#### **8.6 SEVERANCE AND OTHER NON-RECURRING PAYMENTS**

Severance payments shall only be made in accordance with relevant legislation and College policies. Professional advice should be obtained where necessary. Any decision taken by the College to award a discretionary payment to a member of staff should be based on comprehensive information that clearly sets out that;

- the College is satisfied that all of the options available to it have been considered and the process by which they were identified;

- clear advice is provided to the Corporation and the advice is appropriately recorded;
- the option chosen secures value for money and is affordable by evaluating;
  - the full costs and benefits to the College of each option;
  - the criteria by which the different options identified were appraised and what weighting was given to each option;
  - that the basis of comparisons made in respect of financial evaluations is consistent for each alternative option;
- all settlements have been brought to the attention of the external auditors.

Corporation approval and reporting in respect of restructuring will be as follows:-

- Restructure programmes (or a series of programmes) involving 4 or more individuals, and anticipated restructure costs (including redundancy and PILON) of more than £100,000 but less than £500,000 are reported to Corporation for note.
- Restructure programmes (or a series of programmes) involving 20 or more individuals, and anticipated restructure costs (including redundancy and PILON) of £500,000 or more are presented to Corporation for approval.
- Where any individual involved in the restructure would be eligible for a payment of £30,000 or above as a result of either voluntary or compulsory redundancy that this cost is reported to Corporation for approval.
- Where any individual involved in the restructure would require a LGPS payment of £5,000 or above, as a result of either voluntary or compulsory redundancy, that this additional cost is reported to Corporation for approval.

All such payments shall be authorised by the Principal and Chair and calculations checked by the Payroll Supervisor, the Head of Human Resources and the Vice Principal – Finance & Corporate Operations.

Amounts paid should be declared in the Financial Statements.

All matters referred to an industrial tribunal shall be notified to the Corporation at the earliest opportunity in order that budget provision may be made as necessary. All determinations of tribunals must be similarly notified.

## **8.7 PRIVATE CONSULTANCIES AND OTHER PAID WORK**

The regulations governing private work undertaken by College staff are set out in conditions of service and contracts of employment. Unless otherwise stated in a member of staff's contract:

- outside consultancies or other paid work may not be accepted without the consent of the Principal;
- applications for permission to undertake work, as a purely private activity must be submitted to the Principal, as appropriate, and include the following information:
  - the name of the member(s) of staff concerned
  - the title of the project and a brief description of the work involved
  - the proposed start date and duration of the work
  - full details of any College resources required (for the calculation of the full economic cost)
  - an undertaking that the work will not interfere with the teaching and normal collegial duties of the member(s) of staff concerned. unless otherwise stated in a full time member of staff's contract.

## **8.8 CODE OF CONDUCT**

### **8.8.1 General**

The College is committed to the highest standards of openness, integrity and accountability. It seeks to conduct its affairs in a responsible manner, having regard to the principles established by the Committee for Standards in Public Life (formerly known as the Nolan Committee), which members of staff at all

levels are expected to observe. These principles are set out below. In addition, the College expects that staff at all levels will observe its code of conduct, which covers:

- probity and propriety;
- selflessness, objectivity and honesty;
- relationships.

The College expects that staff will act in the best interests of the College and observe the College's code of conduct which reflects the seven principles of public life

- Selflessness
- Integrity
- Objectivity
- Accountability
- Openness
- Honesty
- Leadership

Additionally, members of the Corporation, senior post-holders and those involved in procurement are required to disclose interests in the College's Register of Interests maintained by the Clerk to the Corporation. They will also be responsible for ensuring that entries in the register relating to them are kept up to date regularly and promptly, as prescribed in the financial procedures.

In particular, no person shall be a signatory to a College contract where he or she also has an interest in the activities of the other party

#### 8.8.2 Receiving gifts or hospitality

It is an offence under the Prevention of Corruption Act 1906 for members of staff to accept corruptly any gift or consideration as an inducement or reward for doing, or refraining from doing, anything in an official capacity or showing favour or disfavour to any person in an official capacity.

The guiding principles to be followed by all members of staff must be:

- the conduct of individuals should not create suspicion of any conflict between their official duty and their private interest;
- the action of individuals acting in an official capacity should not give the impression (to any member of the public, to any organisation with whom they deal or to their colleagues) that they have been (or may have been) influenced by a benefit to show favour or disfavour to any person or organisation.

Thus, members of staff should not normally accept any gifts other than items of very small intrinsic value (e.g. business diaries, calendars, telephone pads etc), rewards or hospitality (or have them given to members of their families) from any organisation or individual with whom they have contact in the course of their work that would cause them to reach a position whereby they might be, or might be deemed by others to have been, influenced in making a business decision as a consequence of accepting such hospitality. The frequency and scale of hospitality accepted should not be significantly greater than the College would be likely to provide in return.

When it is not easy to decide between what is and what is not acceptable in terms of gifts or hospitality, the offer should be declined or advice sought from the Clerk to the Corporation or the Deputy CEO and

Vice Principal – Corporate and Resources. Guidance on acceptable hospitality is contained in the detailed Financial Procedures.

For the protection of those involved, the Executive Office will maintain a register of all gifts and hospitality received. Members of staff in receipt of such gifts or hospitality are obliged to notify the Executive Office immediately.

### 8.8.3 Bribery

The Bribery Act 2010 came into effect on 1 July 2011. The Act contains two general offences covering;

- "active bribery" (offering or giving a bribe); and
- "passive bribery" (requesting or accepting a bribe).

Corporate hospitality will be caught by the Act if it is intended by the provider or the recipient to bring about "improper performance".

The College Anti-Bribery Policy provides direction to staff who encounter suspected cases of bribery.

### 8.8.4 Fraud and Corruption

It is the duty of all members of staff, management and the Corporation to notify the Vice Principal – Finance & Corporate Operations or Principal immediately whenever any matter arises which involves, or is thought to involve, irregularity, including fraud, corruption or any other impropriety.

The Principal shall immediately invoke the Fraud Response Plan, which incorporates the following key elements:

If the suspected fraud is thought to involve the Clerk to the Corporation and/or the Principal, the Vice Principal – Finance & Corporate Operations shall notify the Chair direct of their concerns regarding irregularities.

Please refer to the Anti Fraud Policy and Response Plan for further guidance.

## 8.9 **DETERMINATION OF EMPLOYMENT STATUS**

On occasion the College may wish to procure academic and/or business support services from individuals who are not at that point in time employees of the College. In these cases, the College shall determine the status of these providers as to whether or not they are self employed and eligible to be paid without deduction or if they are to be treated as employees of the College and accordingly suffer statutory deductions from their earnings.

Classification as self employed may only be approved following consultation with the Vice Principal – Finance & Corporate Operations or Head of Finance and with the approval of HMRC.

## 9 **ASSETS**

### 9.1 **LAND, BUILDINGS, FIXED PLANT AND MACHINERY**

The commitment to purchase, lease or rent of land or buildings or fixed assets can only be undertaken with authority from the Corporation and with reference to funding agency requirements where exchequer funded assets or exchequer funds are involved. Members of the College or Corporation shall not enter into any formal negotiations until such authority is given.

Legal documents relating to the purchase, lease rent or hire of land or buildings will be signed by the Principal, unless under the Corporation seal when they will be sealed by the Clerk to the Corporation and authenticated by the signature of the Chair or Vice Chair together with any other member of the Corporation.

Original copies of legal documents shall be deposited with the College's bank.

## **9.2 FIXED ASSET REGISTER**

The Vice Principal – Finance & Corporate Operations is responsible for maintaining the College's register of land and buildings, owned, leased or rented by the College, which records the full details of the College's interest and the terms and conditions under which each asset is held.

The Vice Principal – Finance & Corporate Operations is responsible for maintaining the Fixed Asset Register for land, buildings, fixed plant and machinery. This will include all assets with a value in excess of £1,500 and a life of over 12 months. Budget Holders and Budget Controllers will provide the Vice Principal – Finance & Corporate Operations with any information he or she may need to maintain the register.

## **9.3 STOCKS AND STORES**

Budget Holders and Budget Controllers are responsible for establishing adequate arrangements for the custody and control of stocks and stores within their departments, including the security of keys. The systems used for stores accounting in departments must have the approval of the Vice Principal – Finance & Corporate Operations.

Budget Holders and Budget Controllers are responsible for ensuring that regular inspections and stock checks are carried out. Stocks and stores of a hazardous nature should be subject to appropriate security and health and safety checks. There shall be a physical check covering all items in stores at least once a year.

Those Budget Holders and Budget Controllers whose stocks require valuation in the balance sheet must ensure that the stocktaking procedures in place have the approval of the Vice Principal – Finance & Corporate Operations and that instructions to appropriate staff within their departments are issued in accordance with advice contained in the College's detailed Financial Procedures

## **9.4 INVENTORIES**

Budget Holders and Budget Controllers are responsible for maintaining inventories, in a form prescribed by the Vice Principal – Finance & Corporate Operations, for all plant, equipment, furniture and stores in their departments with a value in excess of £100. The inventory must include items donated or held on trust.

Inventories must be checked by departments at least annually as described in the College's detailed financial procedures. An annual inventory return will be made to the Finance Department on 31 July each year. Any irregularities must be reported to the Vice Principal – Finance & Corporate Operations.

When transferring any items between departments, a transfer record must be kept, and the inventories amended accordingly.

Items may only be removed from the inventory on disposal and in accordance with approved procedures. Staff should not unnecessarily retain items for which they no longer have a regular use.

## **9.5 ASSET DISPOSAL**

Disposal of assets including equipment and furniture must be in accordance with procedures approved by the Corporation and contained in the College's detailed financial procedures. No assets may be disposed of without the authority of the Principal.

Disposal of land and buildings must only take place with the authorisation of the Corporation. Funding agency consent may also be required if exchequer funds were involved in the acquisition of the asset.

## **9.6 PERSONAL USE/HIRE**

Assets owned or leased by the College shall not be subject to personal use without proper authorisation.

The College hires rooms in line with the Room Hire Policy.

## **9.7 SAFEGUARDING ASSETS**

Budget Holders and Budget Controllers are responsible for the care, custody and security of the buildings, stock, stores, furniture, cash, etc. under their control. They will consult the Deputy CEO and Vice Principal – Corporate and Resources in any case where security is thought to be defective or where it is considered that special security arrangements may be needed.

Assets owned by the College shall, so far as is practical, be effectively marked to identify them as College property.

## **9.8 SECURITY**

Keys to safes or other similar containers are to be carried on the person of those responsible or held in a safe or key safe at all times. The loss of such keys must be reported to Deputy CEO and Vice Principal – Corporate and Resources and Vice Principal – Finance & Corporate Operations immediately.

All staff have a responsibility to exercise a duty of care over the property of the College at all times and have a responsibility to lock office and classroom doors when not in use, no matter how short the period of time, and to ensure all windows are closed and secured. The College will not in any circumstance, accept responsibility for the loss of any personal possessions, which are stolen, from College premises.

As far as is practicable all moveable College property shall be clearly marked as such.

The HOD Digital Development, Corporate Quality & Innovation shall be responsible for maintaining proper security and privacy of information held on the College's computer network. Appropriate levels of security will be provided, such as passwords for networked PCs together with restricted physical access for network servers. Information relating to individuals held on computer will be subject to the provisions of the General Data Protection Regulations 2018. The Data Protection Officer shall be nominated to ensure compliance with the Act and the safety of documents.

The Information Commissioners Office (ICO) has the power to implement large fines for those who fail to follow data protection guidelines. Staff may not store personal data on laptops (or other similar devices) to ensure the security of this data and to prevent against loss or misuse.

Individual members of staff are responsible for ensuring the security of their passwords in order to prevent unauthorised access to College computer systems.

The Deputy CEO and Vice Principal – Corporate and Resources is responsible for the safekeeping of official and legal documents relating to the College. Signed copies of deeds, leases, agreements and contracts must, therefore, be forwarded to the Deputy CEO and Vice Principal – Corporate and Resources .

All such documents shall be deposited with the College bank or held in an appropriately secure, fireproof (wherever possible), location and copies held at a separate location.

## **9.9 TREASURY MANAGEMENT**

The Corporation is responsible for approving a Treasury Management Policy Statement setting out a strategy and policies for cash management, long term investments and borrowings

All executive decisions concerning borrowing, investment or financing (within policy parameters) shall be delegated to the Deputy CEO and Vice Principal – Corporate and Resources and an appropriate reporting system set up. All borrowing shall be undertaken in the name of the College and shall conform to any relevant ESFA requirements. The Vice Principal – Finance & Corporate Operations their staff are required to act in accordance with CIPFA's statement of best practice.



The Vice Principal – Finance & Corporate Operations will report to the Corporation within the KPI report the activities of the treasury management operation and on the exercise of treasury management powers delegated to him or her.

## **10 OTHER**

### **10.1 RISK MANAGEMENT**

The College acknowledges the risks inherent in its business and is committed to managing those risks that pose a significant threat to the achievement of its business objectives and financial health. Guidance on the level of risk considered to be acceptable/unacceptable by the College is set out in a separate Risk Management Policy.

The Corporation has overall responsibility for ensuring there is a risk management strategy and a common approach to the management of risk throughout the College through the development, implementation and embedment within the organisation of a formal, structured risk management process.

In line with this policy, the Corporation requires that the risk management strategy and supporting procedures include:

- the adoption of common terminology in relation to the definition of risk and risk management;
- the establishment of College-wide criteria for the measurement of risk, linking the threats to their potential impact and the likelihood of their occurrence together with a sensitivity analysis;
- a decision on the level of risk to be accepted;
- a decision on the level of risk to be covered by insurance (see 10.2);
- detailed regular review at directorate or support function level to identify significant risks associated with the achievement of key objectives and other relevant areas;
- development of risk management and contingency plans for all significant risks, to include a designated 'risk owner' who will be responsible and accountable for managing the risk in question;
- regular reporting to the Corporation of all risks above established tolerance levels;
- an annual review of the implementation of risk management arrangements.

Budget Holders and Budget Controllers must ensure that any agreements negotiated within their directorate or departments with external bodies cover any legal liabilities to which the College may be exposed. The Deputy CEO and Vice Principal – Corporate and Resources advice should be sought to ensure that this is the case.

### **10.2 INSURANCE**

The Deputy CEO and Vice Principal – Corporate and Resources is responsible for the College's insurance arrangements, including the provision of advice on the types of cover available. As part of the overall risk management strategy, all risks will have been considered and those most effectively dealt with by insurance cover will have been identified. This is likely to include important potential liabilities and provide sufficient cover to meet any potential risk to all assets. This portfolio of insurances will be considered and approved by the Corporation prior to renewal.

The Vice Principal – Finance & Corporate Operations is responsible for effecting insurance cover as determined by the Corporation. They are also responsible for obtaining quotes, negotiating claims and maintaining the necessary records.

The Vice Principal – Finance & Corporate Operations will keep a register of all insurances effected by the College and the property and risks covered. They will also deal with the College's insurers and advisers about specific insurance problems.

Budget Holders and Budget Controllers must ensure that any agreements negotiated within their departments with external bodies cover any legal liabilities to which the College may be exposed. The Deputy CEO and Vice Principal – Corporate and Resources or Vice Principal – Finance & Corporate Operations advice should be sought to ensure that this is the case.

Budget Holders and Budget Controllers must give prompt notification to the Vice Principal – Finance & Corporate Operations of any potential new risks and additional property and equipment that may require insurance and of any alterations affecting existing risks. All staff must advise the Principal, Deputy CEO and Vice Principal – Corporate and Resources or Vice Principal – Finance & Corporate Operations immediately of any event that may give rise to an insurance claim. The Vice Principal – Finance & Corporate Operations or Head of Finance will notify the College's insurers and, if appropriate, prepare a claim in conjunction with the Budget Holder and Budget Controller for transmission to the insurers.

The Facilities Operations Manager is responsible for keeping suitable records of plant that is subject to inspection by an insurance company and for ensuring that inspection is carried out in the periods prescribed.

All staff and members of the Corporation using their own vehicles on behalf of the College shall maintain appropriate personal insurance cover for business use.

### **10.3 TAXATION**

The Vice Principal – Finance & Corporate Operations is responsible for advising Budget Holders and Budget controllers, in the light of guidance issued by the appropriate bodies and relevant legislation as it applies, on all taxation issues, to the College. Vice Principal – Finance & Corporate Operations will issue instructions to managers on compliance with statutory requirements including those concerning VAT, PAYE, national insurance, corporation tax and import duty.

The Vice Principal – Finance & Corporate Operations is responsible for maintaining the College's tax records, making all tax payments, receiving tax credits and submitting tax returns by their due date as appropriate.

### **10.4 USE OF THE CORPORATION'S SEAL**

Where a deed or document requires the College's seal; it must be sealed by the Clerk to the Corporation and authenticated by the signature of the Chair or Vice Chair together with any other member of the Corporation.

The Clerk to the Corporation shall register an entry of the sealing of every deed or other document to which the seal is affixed.

The Clerk shall keep the seal in a safe location.

### **10.5 FUNDS HELD ON TRUST**

#### **10.5.1 Gifts, Benefactions and Donations**

The Vice Principal – Finance & Corporate Operations is responsible for maintaining financial records in respect of gifts, benefactions and donations made to the College and initiating claims for recovery of tax where appropriate. Receipt of all such funds should be immediately notified to the Vice Principal – Finance & Corporate Operations who will ensure they are banked appropriately.

The Principal will formally accept any donation received on behalf of the College.

#### **10.5.2 Learner Support, Bursaries and Access Funds**

The Vice Principal - Information Systems and Student Experience and Vice Principal – Finance & Corporate Operations will prescribe the format for recording the use of student welfare funds.

Records of learner support funds, bursaries and access funds will be maintained according to funding agency requirements.

#### **10.5.3 Trust Funds**

The Corporation shall be responsible for approving the establishment of any trust fund and for approving the working of the trust deeds.

The Corporation is responsible for ensuring that all College Trust Funds are operated within any relevant legislation, including the 1961 Investment Act, and the specific requirements for each trust. They will also be responsible for investment of fund balances.

The Deputy CEO and Vice Principal – Corporate and Resources is responsible for maintaining a record of the requirements for each trust fund and for advising the Corporation on the control and investment of fund balances.

#### 10.5.4 Fund Raising and Voluntary Funds

The Principal is required to inform the Corporation on the financial implications of any proposal for fund raising activities which the College may ask the Corporation to initiate sponsor or approve, having regard to the relevant legislation, in particular the Charities Act 1992.

The Deputy CEO and Vice Principal – Corporate and Resources shall be informed of any fund that is not an official fund of the College, which is controlled wholly or in part by a member of staff in relation to their function in the College.

The accounts of any such fund shall be audited by an independent external person and shall be submitted with a certificate of audit to the appropriate body. The Deputy CEO and Vice Principal – Corporate and Resources shall be entitled to verify that this has been done.

### 10.6 **WHISTLEBLOWING**

Whistleblowing in the context of the Public Interest Disclosure Act is the disclosure by an employee (or other party) about malpractice in the workplace. A whistleblower can blow the whistle about crime, civil offences (including negligence, breach of contract, etc), miscarriage of justice, danger to health and safety or the environment and the cover-up of any of these. It does not matter whether or not the information is confidential and the whistleblowing can extend to malpractice occurring in the UK and any other country or territory.

If an employee or worker has reasonable grounds for believing that malpractice of the type listed above is happening in the College they should contact the Clerk to the Corporation immediately and explain the area(s) of concern. (The Clerk is appointed by the College Corporation and is therefore independent of College Management).

If an employee or worker suspects that the Clerk him/herself or both the Clerk and Principal are involved in malpractice they should contact the Chair of the Corporation or the Chair of the Corporation Audit Committee. Correspondence in this case should be addressed to the Chair at the College address and marked 'Confidential: only to be opened by the Chair of the Corporation' or 'Confidential: only to be opened by the Chair of the Audit Committee'.

The full procedure for whistleblowing is set out in the Colleges' whistleblowing policy, which is available from the Clerk to the Corporation and on the staff intranet.

### 10.7 **VALUE FOR MONEY**

It is a requirement of the Condition of Funding Agreement that the Corporation of the College is responsible for delivering value for money from public funds. It should keep under review its arrangements for managing all the resources under its control, taking into account guidance on good practice issued from time to time by the funding agency, the National Audit Office, the Public Accounts Committee or other relevant bodies.

Internal audit is to have regard to value for money in its programme of work. This will be used to enable the Audit Committee to refer to value for money in its annual report.

**FINANCIAL REGULATIONS – SCHEDULE 1****AUTHORITY LIMITATIONS**

The following values are currently approved in respect of the regulations:

<b>Authorisation for Contracts and Orders</b>	
<b>Value of Order or Contract</b>	
£1 to £999	Budget Holder
£1,000 to £4,999	Budget Controller (SLT )
£5,000+	Include Deputy CEO or Vice Principal – Finance & Corporate Operations
£50,000	Include Principal (this is Tender Limit)
£500,000	Include Corporation

In the absence of the approver the approval goes upwards to the senior member of staff.

**AUTHORISED CHEQUE SIGNATORIES**

Principal  
Deputy CEO and Vice Principal – Corporate and Resources  
Vice Principal – Finance & Corporate Operations  
Head of Finance

<b>Value of Payment</b>	
Up to £1,000	1 signature
£1,000 to £25,000	2 signatures
Over £25,000	2 signatures to include Principal or Deputy CEO

## FINANCIAL REGULATIONS – SCHEDULE 2

### TENDERING – CODE OF PRACTICE

The main points covered by this code are:

- duty to comply by the College's staff;
- UK Procurement Directives and Legislation to be complied with;
- a requirement that all parties concerned declare any relevant interests;
- confidentiality of all tender information;
- competitive tendering procedure which will:
  - Ensure fairness of competition;
  - ensure that companies invited to tender are financially and technically able to meet the College's requirements;
  - indicate the terms of the contract;
  - outline the appropriate British and /or international standards to be complied with;
- carry out a quotation procedure which will indicate:
  - the minimum number of firms that should be expected to provide quotations;
  - list of available firms in existence, which have been approved by the College, that might undertake the work specified;
  - the terms by which the contractors will be paid;
- the national requirements concerning good practice that should be followed:
  - submission of tenders (e.g. time, date, etc.);
  - receipt and safe custody of tenders and records;
  - admissibility and acceptance of tenders;
  - acceptance of tenders/quotations;
  - justification of acceptance of tenders not at the lowest price.